

FACTSHEET 1 OF 4

FGM AS A GENDER & VAW* ISSUE

FOCUS

GENDERED VIOLENCE. GENDER DISCRIMINATION. PATRIARCHAL STRUCTURES

WHAT IS FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION

Female genital mutilation (FGM) comprises all procedures that involve partial or total removal of the external female genitalia, or other injury to the female genital organs for non-medical reasons (World Health

FGM ON A CONTINUUM OF VIOLENCE

Violence against women is often a cycle of throughout their lives" (UNICEF, 2000). That is why FGM may also be linked with other forms of VAW, specifically child marriage. Both are practiced due to dominant social norms related to a girl's sexuality and enduring gender inequalities.

IS IT A WOMEN'S RIGHTS ISSUE?

FGM is a part of wider patriarchal practices, rooted in inequality between the sexes and aimed at controlling women and girls sexuality, their bodies and their sexual and reproductive rights. The practice denies women and girls' attainable standard of health; freedom from discrimination on the basis of sex; degrading treatment among others.

BURDEN OF HONOUR

responsibility of 'honour' of the family less sexually active and bearing the brunt women's rights become severely infringed on as a means to 'protect' her and, by extension, her family from losing this honour.

FGM AS VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN

FGM is a violation of women and girls' human rights and an extreme form of discrimination and violence directed exclusively at girls and women, because of their sex. Any girl born into risk of the practice.

ESTIMATES & PREVALENCE



 $\approx 180,000\,$ Girls are at risk of undergoing FGM yearly in Eu



> 125 million GIRLS AND WOMEN LIVE WITH FGM CONSEQUENCES GLOBALLY

POSSIBLE CONSEQUENCES

SHORT-TERM:

PAIN

SHOCK

BLEEDING

LOSS OF CONSCIOUSNESS

INFECTIONS

SOMETIMES DEATH

PSYCHOLOGICAL TRAUMA

PTSD

DECREASE OF SEXUAL PLEASURE

DECREASE OF MOTIVATION &

RESILIENCE

SEXUAL DYSFUNCTIONS

COMPLICATIONS AT BIRTH MATERNAL & INFANT MORTALITY **INFERTILITY HIV RISK**

WHERE?

Practiced in households at all educational levels and all social classes.

EU

FGM is mostly present in the communities originating from countries affected by FGM.

>28

More than 28 countries in Africa and several countries Asia and the Middle East.

02% - 98%

Prevalence rates vary from country to country from 98 % in Somalia to 2 % in Uganda and Cameroon.

RELIGION

No major religion advocates or mandates the practice of FGM. Despite this, FGM is practiced by Muslims, Christians, and animists.

WHO ARE THE

PRACTITIONERS

Traditional practitioners (cutters)
Midwives
Older Women
Doctors
Nurses

WHO IS

AFFECTED

Girls and women from infancy to 15 years old Occasionally older women

WHO ARE THE

GATEKEEPERS

Extended Families Mothers & Fathers Community Elders Religious leaders Health Practitioners

WHAT CAN YOU DO?



1 RECOGNIZE COMPLEXITY

FGM is a complex form of discrimination against women, exacerbated by other social problems: harmful traditional norms, sexual taboos, economic vulnerability, social (im) mobility, migration and integration.

2 EMPOWER WOMEN & GIRLS

- increase rights based education and literacy" In some communities, FGM occurs across and beyond economic classes
- Intergenerational Dialogue between younger and older women
- Community Interventions
- Awareness-raising among health practitioners
- "Girls Speak Up" initiatives
- Sexual Education / Family Planning Programs

3 4PS IN POLICY AND ACTION

The Counil of Europe Convention on preventing and combating violence against women and domestic violence (Istanbul Convention) is the first European legal instrument that provides a comprehensive framework for 4Ps in addressing FGM, combining **Prevention**, **Protection**, **Prosecution** and adequate **Provision** of services.

4 TAKE RESPONSIBILITY

FGM is a harmful practice that has no place in a society that aims to respect, protect and fulfil the human rights of women. By ignoring the phenomenon, we place the fundamental rights of thousands of women and girls at risk of being violated. States must sign and ratify the Convention on preventing and combating violence against women and domestic violence (Istanbul Convention), the first legally binding instrument and practical tool to address FGM in the EU and beyond.

CASE STUDY FORWARD UK, YOUNG PEOPLE SPEAK OUT (YPSO!)

YPS0! is a London-based programme, established in 2006, that seeks to educate, empower and inspire young people (aged 16 to 24) from FGM-affected communities, to take a stand on gender discrimination and gender-based violence. Through co-ordinated group activities, combined with spoken word, music events and educational materials, this initiative provides training on FGM, leadership and advocacy, to give young persons the skills to advocate within their local communities against FGM and early/child marriages. Through the YPS0! programme, a platform for young women has been developed to support and enable them to propel themselves into society.

http://www.forwarduk.org.uk/what-we-do/uk-programmes/uk-youth-fgm-programmes/

BY



COORDINATOR



PARTNERS



FUNDERS







The views expressed in this publication do not necessarily reflect the views of the EU.

ACCESS FULL SERIES

http://goo.gl/WhLPYgHERE